

GEDEON RICHTER

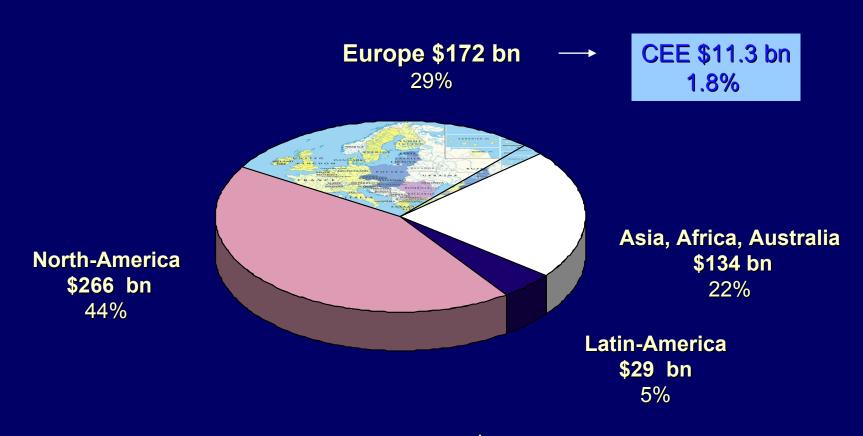
# Golden Age is Over: Only the Fittest can Survive

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# I. Generic drug markets

#### The global pharmaceutical market (2005)

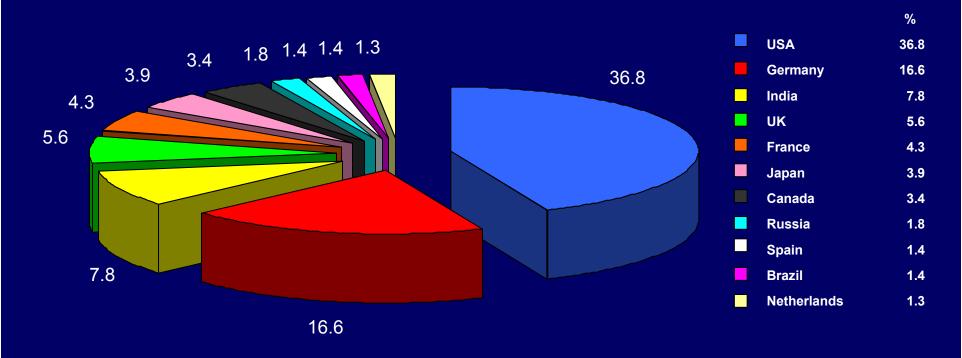


Total world market: \$601 bn

+7 % over previous year

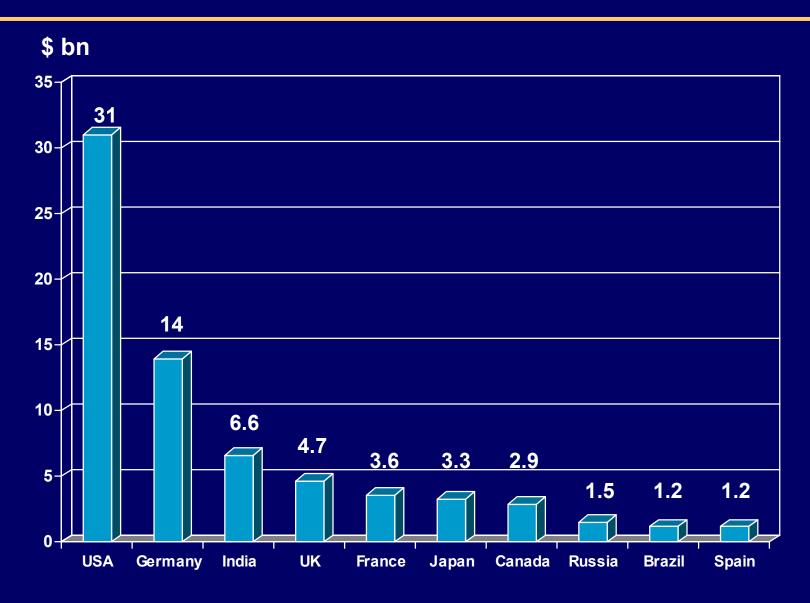
Source: IMS

#### Leading generic drug markets as % of total market (2006E)

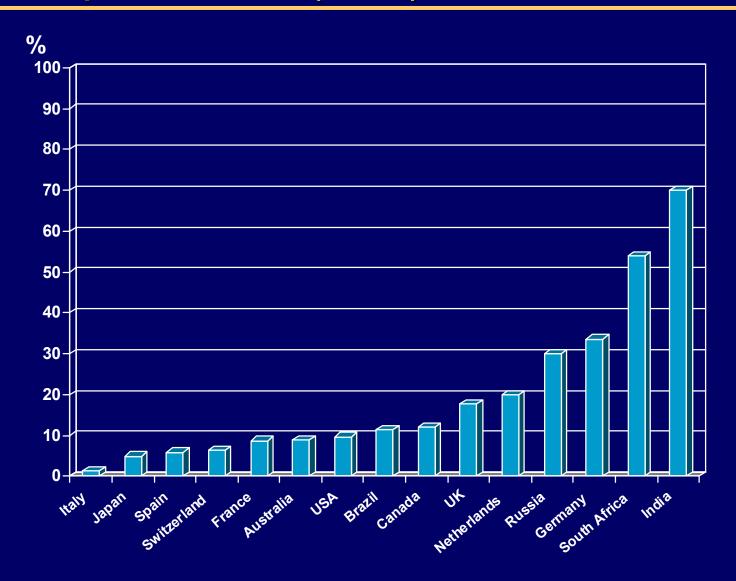


World generic pharma market\*: \$84.4 bn +10%

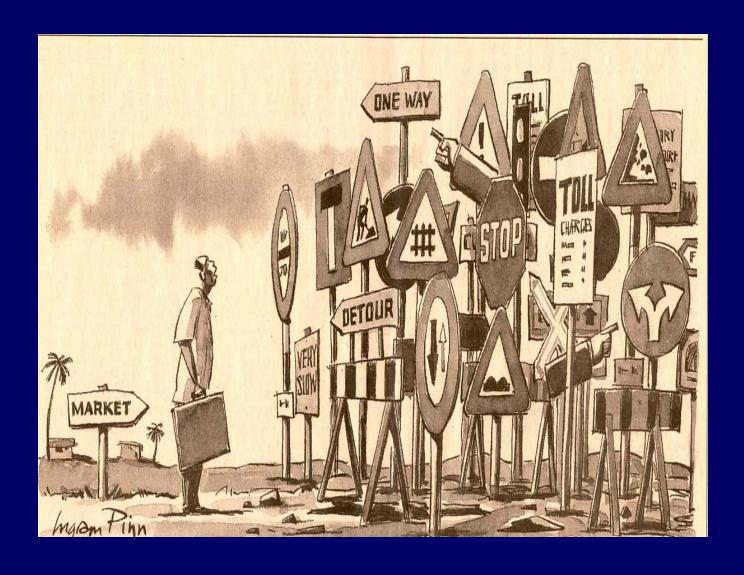
#### **Leading generic drug markets (2006E)**



# Leading generic drug markets % of total domestic pharma market (2006E)



#### Some hurdles ahead...



#### Main hurdles for generic companies

- ◆ Legal and IP
- ◆ Regulatory

#### Main challenges to generic companies in the EU/region

#### **Good news**

- Ageing population increases need for sustainable health care and decreasing costs
- Growing awareness of generic medicines among policy makers
   seen as key to sustainable, affordable and quality healthcare
- General desire of governments to increase use of generic medicines
- **♦ EU DG Competition active interest in anti-competitive activities**

#### Main challenges to generic companies in the EU/region

#### **Bad news**

- Cost cutting measures by reimbursement authorities in all countries
- Decreasing price levels influence business profitability
  - impact on levels of employment and investment

## **II.** Our region

## **Central & Eastern Europe**

#### Pharma markets in CEE (2005)

◆ Total market size: \$11.3 bn

◆ Total population: 100.4 m

**♦ Three largest markets:** 

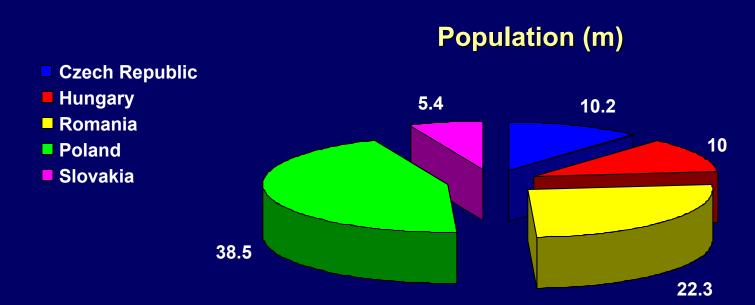
Poland: \$4.4 bn

Hungary: \$2.3 bn

Czech Republic: \$1.7 bn



#### Population and life expectancy in the region



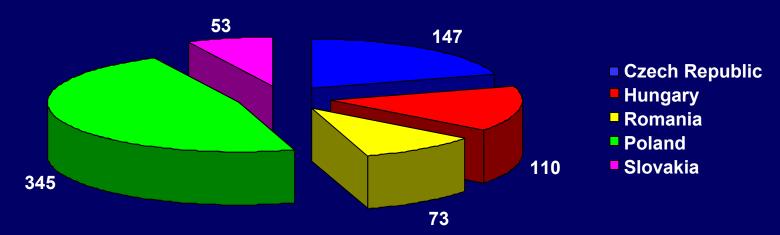
#### **Life expectancy (Male / Female)**

Czech Republic	73 / 79
Hungary	69 / 77
Romania	68 / 76
Poland	71 / 79
Slovakia	70 / 78

Source: WHO

#### **GDP** in the region

#### **GDP (\$bn) (2006E)**



#### **GDP EU 10:**

\$686 bn (2005)

**Source: IMS, World Development Indicators** 

#### **GDP** in the region

**EU25** 

**GDP EU 15:** 

\$2,682 bn (2005) 80%

**GDP EU 10:** 

\$686 bn (2005) 20%

**GDP** per capita

- **Germany:** \$33,726

- Hungary: \$10,820

#### **Generic Penetration in the region (2005)**

		Value / Volume
	Czech Republic	33% / 55%
	Hungary	34% / 49%
	Romania	44% / 84%
	Poland	52% / 65%
#	Slovakia	37% / 58%

Source: IMS

#### Main problems in the region

- **♦** Economic and political stability issues
- ◆ Rapidly changing legislation
- ◆ Mobility of workforce low language
- Declining pharma prices v. increasing costs

#### Alternative strategies for companies in the region

- ◆ Establish collaborations with similar companies or go it alone?
- ◆ Build international networks or remain local?
- ♦ Focus or spread....therapeutic classes?
- ♦ New product areas, eg. Biosimilar ?

# **III. Closing remarks**

#### **Closing remarks**

- ◆ Country GDP growth impacts healthcare spending
- ◆ Focus will continue to be on cost effective medicines
- ◆ Business profitability impacts investment and employment levels
- **♦** Local market awareness identifies opportunities

#### Potential – beware of misleading %'s

USA pharma market \$252 bn (2005)

5% growth **\$12.6** bn

Germany pharma market \$32 bn (2005)

8% growth — **\$2.6** bn

Russian pharma market \$7.8 bn (2005)

20% growth **→ \$1.6** bn

#### Potential – beware of misleading %'s

**USA** generic pharma market \$31 bn (2006E)

11% growth **→** \$3.4 bn

German generic pharma market \$14 bn (2006E)

5.7% growth **→** \$0.8 bn

Russian generic pharma market \$1.5 bn (2006E)

14% growth **→** \$0.2 bn



Thank you for your kind attention.